

MI2 Open Discussion

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Introductions Who are we?



Dredging, Environmental and Marine Engineering [DEME]

Turning challenges into opportunities









- 5,200 colleagues worldwide
- 100+ main vessels

- 77+ nationalities
- 140+ years of experience





Why are we here?



SUPPLY AND DEMAND OF CRITICAL MINERALS

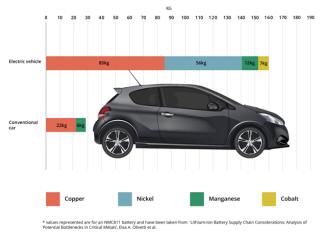
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & CLEAN ENERGY TRANSITION

- ► Clean energy technologies are metal intensive
 - Demand for cobalt four times greater than reserves by 2050, and will also exceed nickel reserves

Institute for Sustainable Futures, 2019 (1.5-degree scenario)

- ▶ Urban infrastructure is metal intensive
- ► Recycling unable to bridge supply gap for many decades
- ➤ Sufficient terrestrial resources but seafloor may be a better option

Composition of electric vehicle versus conventional car

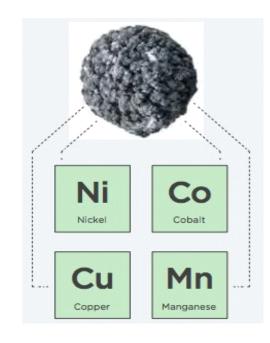


New urban infrastructure to house a population of the size of New York required every eleven weeks between now and the end of the century



POLYMETALLIC NODULES

- ► Rich in manganese, nickel, copper and cobalt
- ► Rare earths also present
- ▶ Potato-sized, hard
- ► Exist on the surface not attached
- ► They cover extensive areas of the ocean's abyssal plains



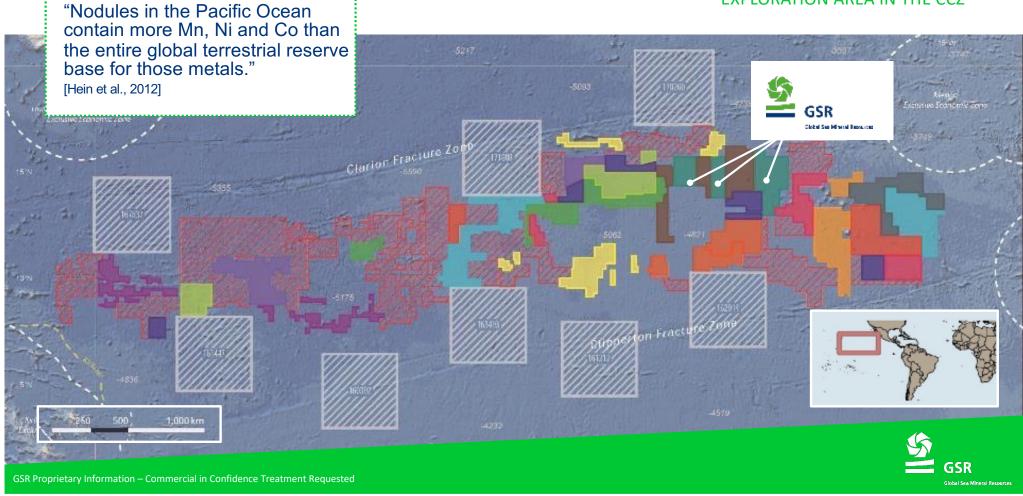






PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

EXPLORATION AREA IN THE CCZ



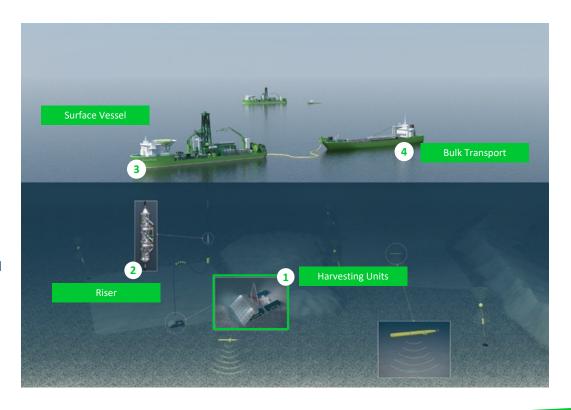


Project Development

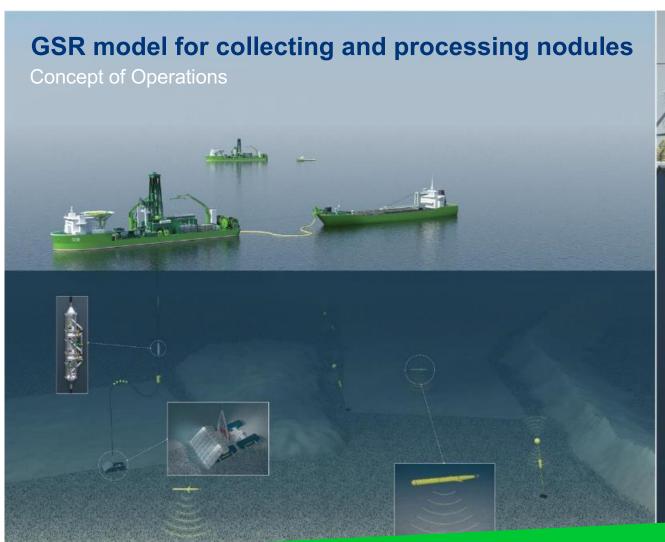


GSR MINING SYSTEM OVERVIEW

- HARVESTING UNITS
 - Hydraulic nodule collector, mounted on a tracked undercarriage
- VERTICAL TRANSPORT VIA RISER
 - Collected nodules transported to the surface using a flexible riser, fitted with a series of single stage centrifugal pumps
- **3** ► SURFACE VESSEL
 - Surface vessels with the capability of handling nodules to be purpose built based upon current designs
- **4** ► BULK TRANSPORT
 - Transported on standard cargo vessels for shipment to land-based processing plant











STEP-BY-STEP APPROACH

HARVESTING UNITS

2017 Patania I

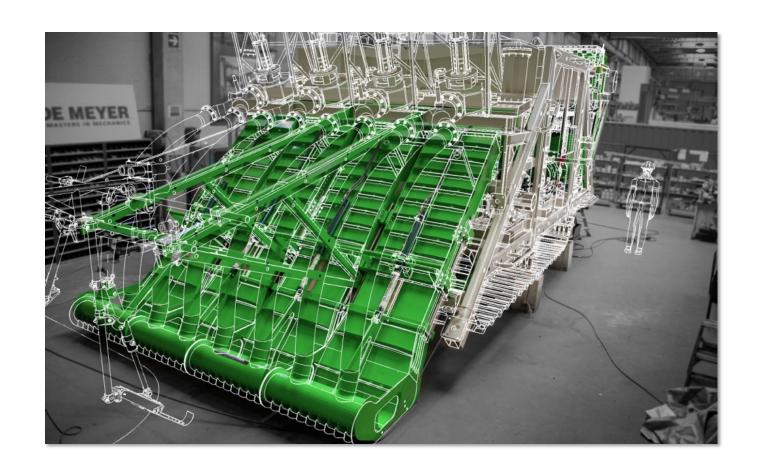
2020 - 2021 Patania II 2023-2024 Patania III



Prototype
Commercial Nodule Collector

Tracked Soil Testing Device Pre – Prototype Nodule Collector





Patania II

FROM DRAWING BOARD TO REALITY

Patania II - named after the fastest moving caterpillar on earth.

12m-long
4m-wide
4.5m-high
25-ton
nodule-collecting robot on
caterpillar tracks



STEP-BY-STEP APPROACH

COLLECTOR ASSESSMENT ATLANTIC



- ► Atlantic Expedition
 - ▶ 22 June 19 July 2020
 - ► Validation of launch & recovery system and hyperbaric test of Patania II
 - ▶ Depth: 4500 m
 - ▶ No touch-down on seabed
- ► Trafficability assessment in Belgian EEZ
 - ▶ Depth: 28m



STEP-BY-STEP APPROACH

NEXT STEPS

- ▶ Prepare for Patania II trial in CCZ
- ► Period: February May 2021
- ► Goal: In-situ validation of PII as per original EIS
- ► GSR Environmental Program complemented by independent vessel [GEOMAR BGR]







RESPONSIBLE APPROACH



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

GSR'S APPROACH

- ► Early, inclusive, transparent and ongoing engagement of key stakeholders
- ► Environmental Risk Assessment approach
- ► Step-by-step, precautionary
- ▶ Partnering with the scientific community
- ► Demonstration that environmental effects can be adequately predicted and monitored
- ▶ Demonstration that impacts and effects are acceptable







































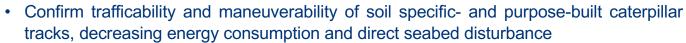


OBJECTIVES

JPIO II

ProCat Project | Patania II Phase

In situ trials, in the operational environment of the CCZ, in order to:



- Optimize the in-situ operations of a hydraulic collector head to increasing pick-up efficiency and decrease energy consumption
- Validate nodule-sediment separation process of primary flow and subsequent nodule transport by secondary flow
- Verify reliability and the robustness of the technology to increase the state-of-the-art



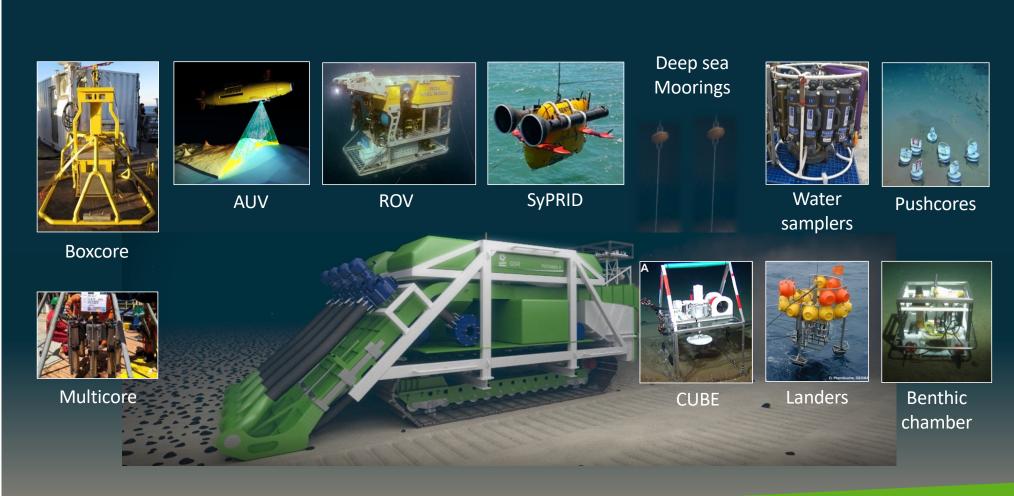
PROC

JPI-O MiningImpact 2 project – Assessing environmental effects

Independent scientific evaluation of the environmental impacts of the ProCat trials, in order to:

- · Reduce existing knowledge gaps and uncertainties about environmental impacts
- Gather data about operational impacts
- Design of fit-for-purpose environmental monitoring programs
- Make recommendations of a precautionary approach for ISA's exploitation mining code









ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

FOR A SCIENTIFIC TEST [PRIOR-EIS]

▶ Environmental Impact Statement

- > Introduction
- > Policy, legal and administrative context
- > Project description
- > Description of the existing environment
- > Assessment of impacts and proposed mitigation
- > Accidental events and natural hazards
- > Environmental management, monitoring and reporting
- > Abbreviations
- Study team
- > Expert review
- > References

Ref: Following ISBA/23/LTC/CRP.3* Download:

https://www.deme-group.com/gsr/news/gsr-publishes-its-prior-environmental-impact-statement-relating-2019-patania-ii-disturbance



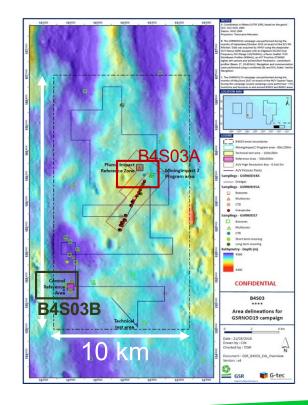


PATANIA II MONITORING



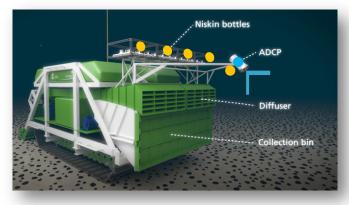
MININGIMPACT2 LOCATIONS

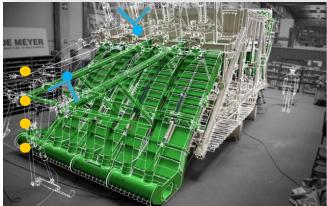
- ► MiningImpact2 | Before, After, Control, Impact (BACI)
- ► Environmental Monitoring | Same conditions as presented in the prior-EIS
- ▶ B4S03A : Area for the JPI-O MiningImpact 2 sites
 - → 'Mined' Area → Known
 - → Sediment plume → To be confirmed/determined
 - > During 2019: *Before* sampling, in-survey
 - Long mooring since 2017 for background current, background turbidity levels & background Vertical fluxes, sedimentation
- ▶ B4S03B : Reference Site





PATANIA II MONITORING SENSORS AND EQUIPMENT





Sediment cloud behavior & design optimization – Near Field

- Densitometer / Flowmeter : sediment load and flow
- Multibeam / Altimeter: Depth of removal of sediment
- ADCP: 3D sediment plume dispersion & current
- Turbidity sensors : concentration in the plume
- HD camera (visual observations)
- Niskin bottles (water samplers)



PATANIA II MONITORING SENSORS AND EQUIPMENT



Plankton Pump



Remote-sampling Niskin bottle array for water sampling

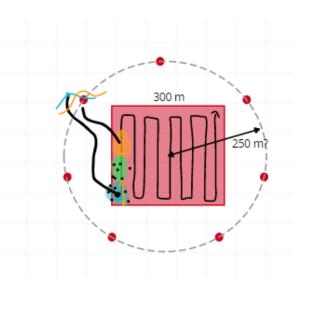


PATANIA II MONITORING SENSORS AND EQUIPMENT

Mooring Placement

- > Turbidity data
- > ADCP data
- > Hydrophone
- > Turbulence data
- > Transponder (positioning)





MOR019





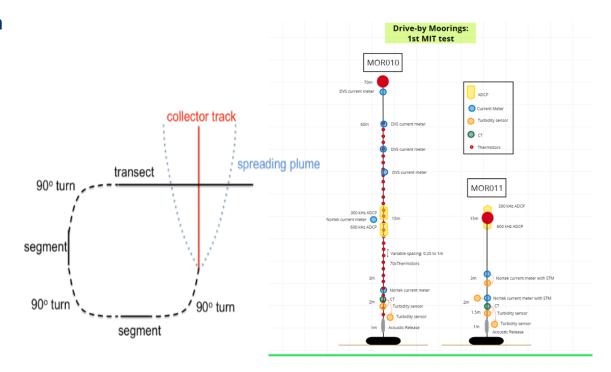
PATANIA II MONITORING GSR VESSEL

▶ Sediment cloud behavior & design optimization – Near Field

- ► Operations : Use Patania II as a monitoring tool to test multiple scenarios
 - number of suction heads,
 - flow rate,
 - > speed of collection,
 - > height of collection above seabed

▶ Objective :

- > Validate sediment plume model
- > Sediment remaining in suspension
- > Sediment characterization
- > Sediment layer removed







JPIO II
UPDATE

▶ Environmental Monitoring | Independent third-party:

- In line with its commitment to an open, transparent, and scientifically rigorous testing program, the Patania II trial will be independently monitored by the MiningImpact 2 consortium.
- > Another contractor, the Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources (**BGR**) has offered the use of its regular baseline charter for a monitoring campaign dedicated to achieving the objectives of the MiningImpact 2 project.
- > Impact of the Patania II trial has not changed.
- > MiningImpact 2 researchers remain involved.
- Monitoring objectives will be met.
- > Study represents an important collaboration.
- ► Aim: remove nodules from part of the seafloor to mimic conditions of an actual mining operation and monitor impacts

